CS 101, Spring 2017 - Mar 14th - Exam 2 Name: $\qquad$

Question 1. [5 points] If $\mathrm{i}=4$ and $\mathrm{j}=2$, what will print: true or false? Briefly explain.

```
if ((i != 3) || (j < 2)) {
    printf("true");
}
else {
    printf("false");
}
```

Question 2. [5 points] Briefly explain the bug(s) in the following code, which is intended to compute the sum of the integers from 1 to 10 :

```
int sum;
for (int i = 1; i < 10; i++) {
    sum = sum + i;
}
printf("Sum is %i\n", sum);
```

Question 3. [5 points] Circle which one of the following is most likely to be correct if used in C programming?
a. for (int i = 0; i < 10, i++);
b. while (int i $=0$; i < 10; i++)
c. for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
d. for (int i = 0, i < 10, i++)
e. for (int $\mathrm{i}=10$; i >= 10 ; $\mathrm{i}++$ )

Question 4. [8 points] Write code that simulates one roll of a 6 -sided die and prints out the resulting value.

Question 5. [5 points] Briefly explain the bug(s) in the following code, which is intended to print the integers from 1 to 5:

```
int i = 0;
while (i <= 5) {
    printf("%i\n", i);
}
```

Question 6. [5 points] What output is printed by the following code? (Note: make sure you read carefully!)

```
int x = 0;
int y = 1;
while (x = 0) {
    printf("%i\n", y);
    y = y + 1;
    if (y = 5) {
        x = 1;
    }
}
printf("Done\n");
```

Question 7. [2 points] What is the Boolean operator in C for logical OR ?

Question 8. [5 points] Consider the following partially-specified code:

```
int n;
printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
scanf("%i", &n);
for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    int x = Missing;
    printf("%i\n", x);
}
```

The goal is to complete the code so that it prints out the first n positive odd integers, starting from 1. Example run (user input in bold):

```
Enter a positive integer: 5
1
3
5
7
9
```

What code should be substituted for Missing? Note that you should not define any new variables. Hint: give an expression which uses i, the loop variable.

Question 9. [10 points] Write the output of this code as it executes.

```
double sum = 0;
int i, j;
for (i = 0; i < 3; i++)
{
    for (j = 0; j <= 3; j++)
    {
            sum += i*j;
            printf("i = %i, j = %i, sum = %i\n",i,j,sum);
        }
}
```


## Programming Questions

Note: For all of the programming questions, you should use scanf to read the input value(s) required by the program.

Note: Make sure your programs produce the output in exactly the format described, including capitalization and punctuation. You may not receive credit for programs that produce incorrectlyformatted output.

Getting started: Start Cygwin Terminal and Notepad++ and make sure ALL TABS are closed. (Note: do not open any other programs.) Your instructor will give you the name of a zip file. In your terminal, run the following commands:

```
cd h:
mkdir -p CS101
cd CS101
curl -0 http://faculty.ycp.edu/~ dhovemey/spring2017/cs101/zipfile
unzip zipfile
cd CS101_Exam02
```

Note that in the curl command, the -0 has the letter ' O ', not the digit ' 0 '.
Substitute the name of the zip file for zipfile.
Editing code: Use your text editor to open the source file (e.g., question10.cpp) referred to in the question. Do not open any files other than the ones for the exam.

Compiling: To compile the program for Question 10, run the following command in the terminal:

```
make question10.exe
```

Change the number as appropriate for the other questions (e.g., question11.exe).
Running: To run the program for Question 10, run the following command in the terminal:
./question10.exe

Change the number as appropriate for the other questions (e.g., question11.exe).
To submit: In Cygwin Terminal, run the command

```
make submit
```

Enter your Marmoset username and password when prompted.

## Good luck!

Question 10. [25 points] Complete the program in question10.cpp so that it reads a single int value $N$ from the user and then prints a line with the form

```
Sum is X
```

where $X$ is the sum of the first $N$ odd integers. For example, if the input value $N$ is 3 , then the program should print the output

## Sum is 9

because 1,3 , and 5 are the first three odd integers and

$$
1+3+5=9
$$

Example run (user input in bold):

```
Enter a positive integer: 3
```

```
Sum is 9
```

Example run (user input in bold):

```
Enter a positive integer: 7
Sum is 49
```

Hints:

- Write a loop that executes $N$ times
- Each iteration of the loop must compute the next odd number and add it to the sum. You may NOT use the modulo operator to determine the odd integers
- The sum variable should be defined and initialized before the loop starts

Question 11. [25 points] Complete the program in question11.cpp so that it repeatedly reads integer values until a -1 value is read. After the -1 value is read, the program should print a message of the form

```
Even integers: N
```

where $N$ is the total number of even integers entered.
Example run (user input in bold):

```
Enter integers:
11
12
16
13
19
6
4
-1
Even integers: 4
```

Hints:

- Make sure your loop variable(s) are initialized correctly
- You will need at least two loop variables (one to count even input values and one to control the loop)

