CS 365, Spring 2015 - April 30th — Exam 2
Question 1. [100 points] Start by executing the following commands in a terminal:

```
wget http://ycpcs.github.io/cs365-spring2015/assign/CS365_Exam02.zip
unzip CS365_Exam02.zip
cd CS365_Exam02
```

Use a text editor to open the file parhist.c in the CS365_Exam02 directory.
Your task is to complete the program so that it uses pthreads to compute a histogram of the data values in a large array of uint16_t elements. All of the data values are in the range 1..40, 000 inclusive. Each bucket of the histogram counts how many values were found in a range containing 4,000 elements. The first bucket counts the number of elements between 1 and 4000 (inclusive), the second counts the number of elements between 4001 and 8000 , etc.

To compile the program, run the command make. To run the program, use the command ./parhist /usr/local/data/normal.dat.

This is the expected output of the program on the provided input is:

```
    1.. 4000: 0
4001.. 8000: 9
8001..12000: 13201
12001..16000: 1002332
16001..20000: 7348613
20001..24000: 7381198
24001..28000: 1018460
28001..32000: 13394
32001..36000: 9
36001..40000: 0
```

A sequential implementation of the program is provided as seqhist.c. (Run it with the command ./seqhist /usr/local/data/normal.dat.) You may use the sequential code in your implementation of the parallel version of the program (but you don't have to.)

The parallel version of the program (parhist.c) should use the number of threads specified by the NUM_THREADS constant. This is set to 2, although you should assume that I might test your program with other values.

Hints:

- Store the counts in the histogram array
- In the main function, arr is the array of values, and num_elements indicates the number of elements
- Extremely important: make sure that multiple threads do not modify the histogram array simultaneously
- If you use a mutex for synchronization, avoid using the mutex in a manner that would cause contention to significantly reduce the efficiency of the computation

